

Beowulf's Descriptive Essay

Beowulf is the hero of an old Scandinavian clan known as "Geats." He is considered strong, brave beyond words, and a true fighter. He engages himself in fights with monsters and otherworldly creatures.

In the early or around 6th century, the Danish king Hrothgar was troubled by a monster called "Grendel." The monster attacks regularly at the great mead hall of the Danish king.

Grendel is a descendent of Cain and is a savage monster who devours his prey. He is considered cursed and therefore stays away from the human population.

He hates the sound of celebration music and singing. Therefore whenever he is angry, he attacks the Hrothgar Mead Hall "Heorot." Many of his men died in sleep when he attacked the hall.

Beowulf learned about the incident and decided to head to the Hrothgar to help the king kill the monster. After taking permission from his Swedish king, he starts his journey.

He is being told that this monster is mighty and cannot be killed by any man. He did not give attention to those words and kept going till he reached there.

Hrothgar informed him that this monster, Grendel has thick skin. Any sword that is used for fighting him is unable to harm him. Beowulf, with his men, says this claim does not fear him. He will fight until the monster that eats the king men is dead.

At night men started playing music and singing loudly, so the Grendel reaches the Heorot". Grendel attacks late at night when Beowulf is waiting for him. His men came under attack from Grendel. Whatever weapon they use causes no harm to the monster.

Seeing this, Beowulf drops the sword and fights with bare hands with the monster. He rips his arm apart from the shoulder. Grendel starts running away from him and into the forest.

Beowulf tells his men to stay and wait for his return. Beowulf follows the blood drops and reaches the marshes where Grendel lies lifeless. Beowulf comes back and shows the Danish king the severed arm of the monster.

King gives plenty of gifts and gold to Beowulf. His men start singing and drinking the whole night. Beowulf is known as the Geatish monster killer in the kingdom. They celebrated and continued all night. Danish realm is introduced with their hero.

Grendel's mother saw the body of her son and became infuriated. She decided to kill the Danish king for this murder. The Next night in "Heorot," king men got under attack from Grendel's mother.

She kills all the men and the king's loyal advisor and brave fighter, Aeschere. Beowulf tends to enjoy somewhere else when the attack happens. When the words of King Hrothgar reached his ear, he ran back to Heorot to assist the king in the offensive attack.

Beowulf is given the sword "Hrunting" against "Grendel's mother." Beowulf tracks her lair under the lake. He told his men to do not to follow him. He will be back after winning the dual.

Beowulf steps into the lake and is pulled into the lake's depth by Grendel's mother. She takes him to her lair. He throws blows with the sword, but the blade fails to penetrate her skin.

He saw a sword hanging on the lair's wall. The blade is too big and seems to be made especially for killing giants. He takes the sword and cuts the head of Grendel's mother.

He further looks into the cave and finds Grendel's body and head. Due to the toxic blood of both monsters, the swords melt away. He took both monsters' heads and swam back.

The whole country celebrated the triumph of Beowulf. Later, he returns to the Geats with the danish king's gifts and the "Naegling" sword. He is made king after the victory of killing both monsters.

After fifty years, his city is under attack by a dragon searching for a gold cup stolen by someone. Beowulf picks up his sword and fights the dragon but cannot kill it. His one loyal fighter "Wiglaf" comes to help him in battle, and both manage to kill the dragon.

Beowulf is badly wounded during the fight and loses his life after killing the dragon. Wiglaf laments the loss of his king's life. Beowulf's body is cremated in a ceremony. His compatriots worried that the Greatland would become weak after death and have enemy tribes attacking them. His followers built a tomb in his devotion, visible to everyone from the sea.

Beowulf descriptive essay not only became a symbol of bravery and courage. But also, his commitment and stance on fighting for his kingdom and honor gave him a prominent place. This poem is still being read in many languages worldwide and has a long-lasting effect on one's mind.